



<b>GUÍA</b>	4	
<b>ASIGNATURA</b>	INGLÉS	
<b>GRADO</b>	NOVENO	
<b>PERIODO ACADÉMICO</b>	TERCERO	
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<b>DESEMPEÑO DEL PERIODO</b>	Redacta textos de mediana longitud en los cuales realiza recomendaciones o sugerencias sobre situaciones de interés personal, escolar o social.	
<b>INDICACIONES GENERALES:</b>	Students will do their activities in their notebooks, or in a computer if it is possible for them, and will send a PDF file or photos to the e-mail.	<b>CRONOGRAMA DE ENTREGA DE LAS ACTIVIDADES</b> <b>Actividad completa próximo 5 de octubre</b>
<b>EVALUACIÓN Y VALORACIÓN:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Responsabilidad y compromiso para realizar y presentar las actividades, y la disponibilidad para acatar las indicaciones dadas en la guía tendrá una valoración CUANTITATIVA (nota numérica) y una valoración CUALITATIVA (observación)</li><li>• Las actividades debe estar completamente desarrolladas y enviadas según las instrucciones dadas sin tachones ni enmendaduras y con pulcritud, además de letra clara para quienes escriben en el cuaderno.</li></ul>	

## ACTIVITY 1. TECHNOLOGICAL ADVANCES AND ACTIVE VOICE

### 1. SPELLING BEE ACTIVITIES

6-7 Letters	8-9 Letters	10 letters	11 letters	12-13 letters
1 across	51 currency	101 In the end	151 play sports	201 Christmas Eve
2 seventh	52 password	102 sunglasses	152 application	202 middle school
3 evening	53 teamwork	103 save water	153 sustainable	203 old-fashioned
4 collage	54 assertive	104 earthquake	154 drastically	204 extraordinary
5 jungle	55 wavy hair	105 on Mondays	155 go to sleep	205 empty bottles
6 mobile	56 How often?	106 aggressive	156 cooperative	206 veterinarian
7 typical	57 headache	107 newsletter	157 businessman	207 biodiversity
8 journey	58 regularly	108 government	158 interactive	208 biodegradable
9 height	59 teenager	109 concerning	159 environment	209 environmental
10 species	60 batteries	110 large area	160 whole grain	210 psychologist
11 feeling	61 keep calm	111 ecosystems	161 firefighter	211 at nine forty
12 rewrite	62 apologize	112 comprehend	162 underground	212 entertainment
13 replies	63 I'm first	113 some papers	163 suggestions	213 receptionist
14 promote	64 engineer	114 headphones	164 in front of	214 instructions
15 January	65 Melbourne	115 Paralympic	165 countryside	215 hard-working
16 measure	66 meditate	116 absolutely	166 Springfield	216 neighborhood
17 turn on	67 shouldn't	117 as well as	167 appropriate	217 good-looking
18 England	68 signature	118 minced beef	168 In contrast	218 unfortunately
19 August	69 Hurry up!	119 be certain	169 insensitive	219 disrespectful
20 survive	70 straight	120 look at me	170 comfortable	220 disappointed
21 outline	71 outdoors	121 appliances	171 involvement	221 architecture
22 hobbies	72 synonyms	122 technology	172 citizenship	222 fizzy drinks
23 cooking	73 worldwide	123 specialist	173 compliments	223 every morning
24 discuss	74 tourists	124 go dancing	174 light bulbs	224 understanding
25 oceans	75 bicycles	125 classmates	175 complicated	225 take care of
26 protein	76 I'm sorry	126 throw away	176 give a talk	226 factory-made
27 Iceland	77 criticism	127 minorities	177 technically	227 according to
28 issues	78 delighted	128 interviews	178 advertising	228 have no doubt
29 always	79 pronounce	129 passionate	179 word clouds	229 hypothetical
30 recycle	80 kindness	130 agree with	180 mathematics	230 hide-and-seek

1. Choose four words of each column, spell them and look for their definitions and write them. Remember that you can use your online dictionary [wordreference.com](http://wordreference.com) in the option English- definition

Example:

- Survive: [es-iu-ar- vi-ai-vi-i] Def: to remain alive, as after the death of another or the occurrence of some event.

Remember that you have to complete 20 words.

### SIMPLE PAST TENSE

Read the information about simple past tense, connectors and past perfect tense.



## Past Simple Tense

Simple Past Tense indicates an action which is completed at a definite time in the past.

POSITIVE (+)	NEGATIVE (-)	QUESTION (?)
I started	I did not (didn't) start	Did I start
You started	You did not (didn't) start	Did you start
He started	He did not (didn't) start	Did he start
She started	She did not (didn't) start	Did she start
It started	It did not (didn't) start	Did it start
We started	We did not (didn't) start	Did we start
You started	You did not (didn't) start	Did you start
They started	They did not (didn't) start	Did they start

-CONECTORES-	
<b>1-SECUENCIADORES</b>	
<i>First/Firstly</i>	Primero/en primer lugar
<i>Second/Secondly</i>	Segundo/en segundo lugar
<i>Third/Thirdly</i>	Tercero/en tercer lugar
<i>Next/then</i>	Seguidamente/luego (además)
<i>After/afterwards</i>	Después de/más tarde
<i>Finally/Eventually</i>	Finalmente/al final
<i>Last but not least</i>	Por último, si bien no menos

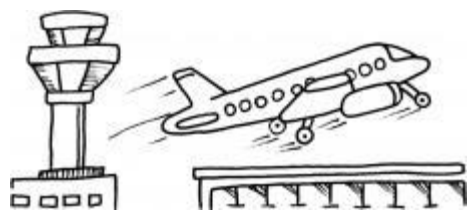
## Let's Check!!!

### Simple Past or Past Perfect?

The simple past and the past perfect, also *past perfect simple*, both express completed actions that took place in the past. We use the [simple past](#) to say what happened in the past, often in sequential order. The [past perfect](#) expresses events and actions that occurred prior to another past action (usually expressed in the simple past). In spoken English, it is common to use only the simple past and not the past perfect.

Learn about the difference between the simple past and the past perfect in English grammar with Lingolia's simple tense comparison chart. In the exercises, you can practise using these two English past tenses.

### Example



Monica flew to London yesterday. As she had never travelled by plane before, she was a little nervous.

First she checked in, then she went to the gate. Finally the plane was ready for boarding and Monica got on the plane.

She had already fastened her seatbelt when the flight attendants gave the safety demonstration.

After the flight attendants had completed the safety demonstration, the plane took off.

### Usage

The chart below provides an overview of the differences between the English *simple past* and *past perfect* tenses.

## PAST PERFECT TENSE

ESL.COM

Form	Affirmative	S + had + past participle He had finished the test when the bell rang.
	Negative	S + had + not + past participle He had not finished the test when the bell rang.
	Interrogative	Had + S + past participle Had he finished the test when the bell rang?

Usage	Example	Time Expressions
Action finished before another past action.	John had gone out when his wife arrived in the office.	Already
Action happened before a specific time in the past.	Julia had never been to an opera before last night.	Yet
Action started in the past and continued up to a given time in the past.	We had owned that car for ten years before it broke down.	For
Cause and effect (combine with Past simple).	I got stuck in traffic because there had been an accident.	Since
Emphasize the result of an activity in the past.	I had been to London twice by the time I got a job in New York.	Just
		After
		Before
		Until
		...

Simple Past	Past Perfect
<p>past events and sequential past actions</p> <p><i>Example:</i></p> <p>Monica <u>flew</u> to London yesterday.</p> <p>First she <u>checked</u> in and then she <u>went</u> to the gate.</p> <p>Finally the plane <u>was</u> ready for boarding and Monica <u>got</u> on the plane.</p>	<p>actions and events that happened prior to a certain point or event in the past</p> <p><i>Example:</i></p> <p>As she <u>had</u> never <u>travelled</u> by plane before, she was a little nervous.</p> <p>She <u>had</u> already <u>fastened</u> her seatbelt when the flight attendants gave the safety demonstration.</p> <p>After the flight attendants <u>had completed</u> the safety demonstration, the plane took off.</p>

Watch the following videos about passive voice in present tense.

[https://youtu.be/mwh\\_IWwwN8Y](https://youtu.be/mwh_IWwwN8Y)

<https://youtu.be/mXogMk6kZec>

<https://youtu.be/A3HRUtZCAa4>

2. Read the sentences, complete them and write them in your notebook. Then, translate the sentences.

1) The car **is** washed by my husband.

➤ El carro es lavado por mi esposo.

1. After Fred  (to spend) his holiday in Italy he  (to want) to learn Italian.
2. Jill  (to phone) Dad at work before she  (to leave) for her trip.
3. Susan  (to turn on) the radio after she  (to wash) the dishes.
4. When she  (to arrive) the match  already  (to start).
5. After the man  (to come) home he  (to feed) the cat.
6. Before he  (to sing) a song he  (to play) the guitar.
7. She  (to watch) a video after the children  (to go) to bed.
8. After Eric  (to make) breakfast he  (to phone) his friend.
9. I  (to be) very tired because I  (to study) too much.
10. They  (to ride) their bikes before they  (to meet) their friends.

3. Write the sentences of the image in Simple Past Tense, then, answer questions in a full form (Complete information) by using personal pronouns (HE/SHE/IT), then translate them.



**ACTIVITY 2. PAST PERFECT TENSE.**

1. Match the expressions to make eight sentences, and translate each one of them.

A	B
he'd been driving non-stop for nearly 20 hours.	The thief was only arrested
though I'd never liked him very much.	When I got home,
she'd never been on an aeroplane before.	When Sandi finally got her licence,
to say that she'd passed all her exams.	I was sorry when I heard about Jim's problems,
I realised that I'd left my phone at work.	When my mum came to visit us in Hong Kong last year,
after he'd burgled more than ten houses in the village.	Caireen phoned last night
she'd been taking driving lessons for more than two years.	When the lorry driver fell asleep at 2.13 a.m.,
it was one of the most boring films I'd ever seen.	When I saw the film everyone was talking about, I thought

2. Can you remember the sentences from the last activity? Use the verbs in brackets ( ) to complete them in the past perfect (simple or continuous) and/or the past simple and translate each one of them. and translate each one of them.

- A. When I \_\_\_\_\_ (get) home, I \_\_\_\_\_ (realise) that I \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) my phone at work.
- B. When Sandi finally \_\_\_\_\_ (get) her licence, she \_\_\_\_\_ (take) driving lessons for more than two years.
- C. The thief \_\_\_\_\_ (be) only arrested after he \_\_\_\_\_ (burgle) more than ten houses in the village.
- D. I \_\_\_\_\_ (be) sorry when I \_\_\_\_\_ (hear) about Jim's problems, though I \_\_\_\_\_ (never like) him very much.
- E. When my mum \_\_\_\_\_ (come) to visit us in Hong Kong last year, she \_\_\_\_\_ (never be) on an airplane before.
- F. Caireen \_\_\_\_\_ (phone) last night to say that she (pass) all her exams.

**ACTIVITY 3. PAST PERFECT TENSE.**

**PROJECT!!!**

*Make a comic story by using the grammar worked during this final workshop. If you wanna use the following tools on line or if you wanna use your creativity. Paste your final produt here, Please!!!*

- <https://www.pixton.com/>
- [https://www.canva.com/es\\_es/crear/historietas/](https://www.canva.com/es_es/crear/historietas/)
- <https://makebeliefscomix.com/>
- <https://www.storyboardthat.com/storyboard-creator>

Select the most appropriate according to your scene or idea.

**Good luck!!!**









